

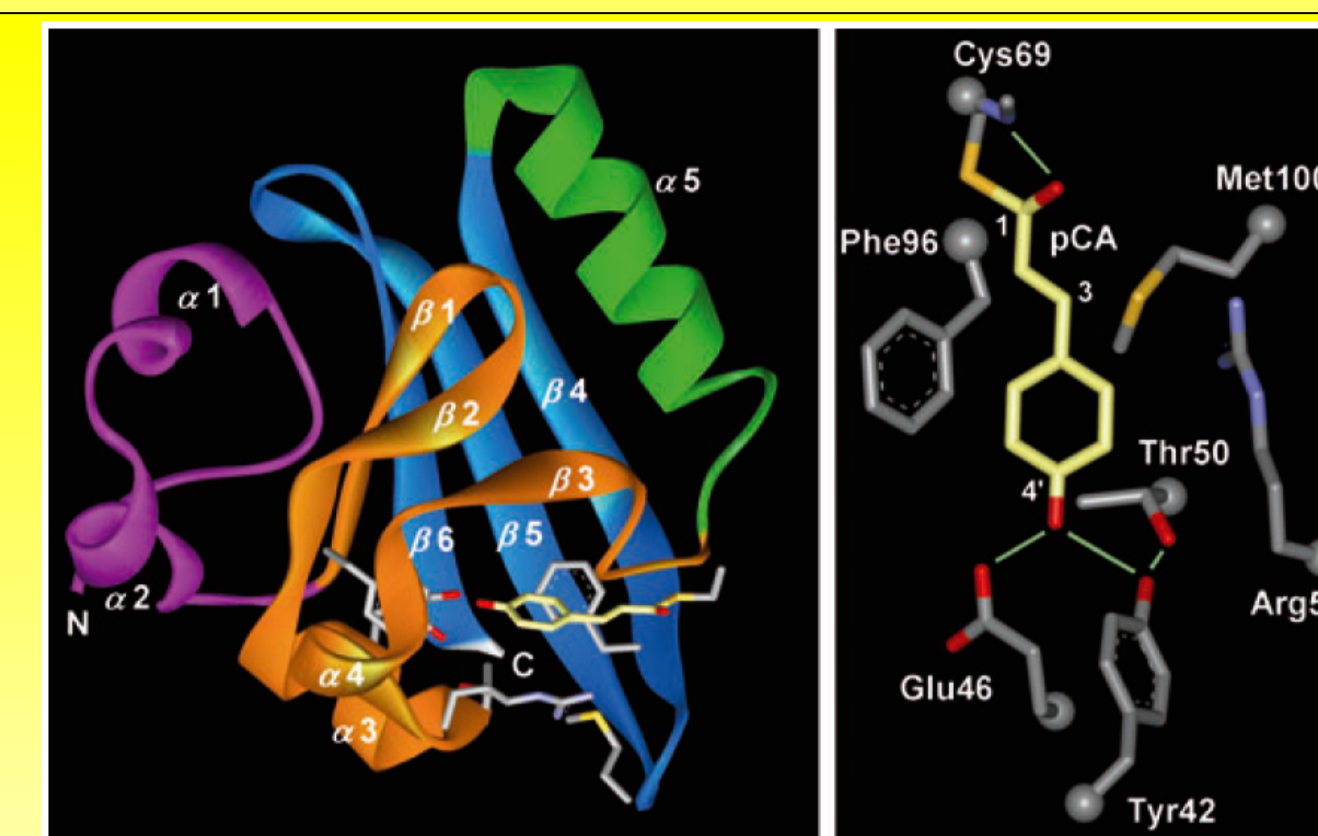
# KINETIC EFFECT OF HOFMEISTER IONS ON THE PHOTOCYCLE OF PHOTOACTIVE YELLOW PROTEIN



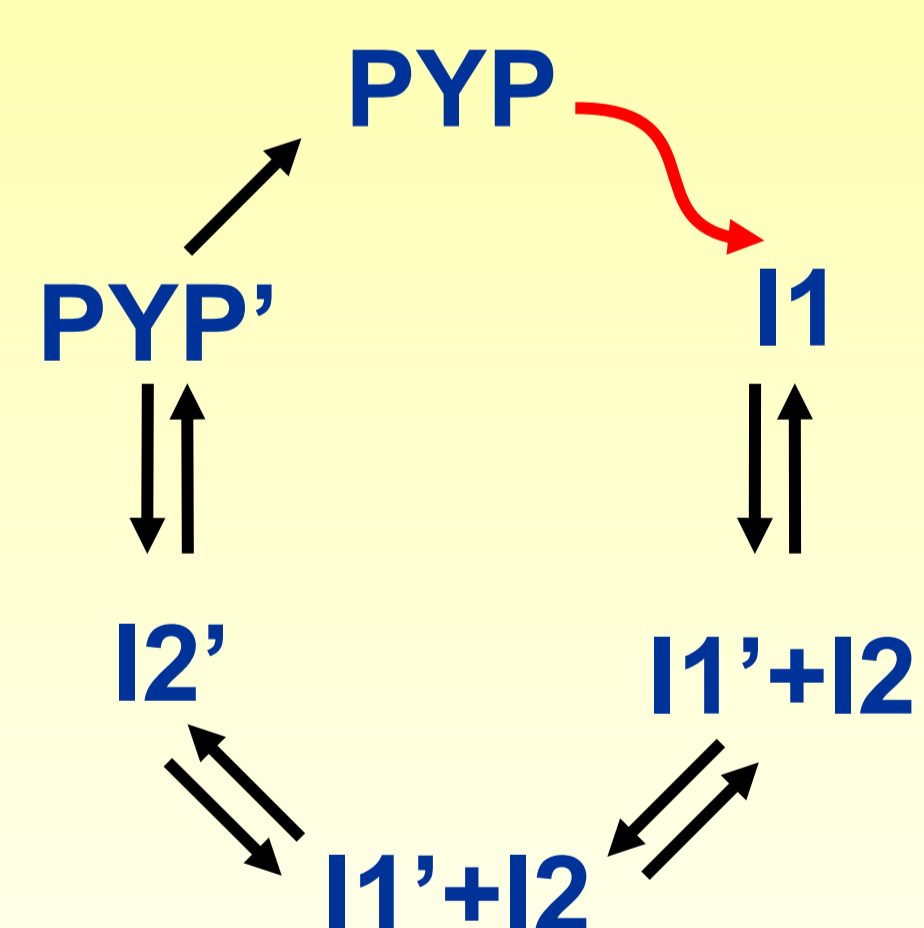
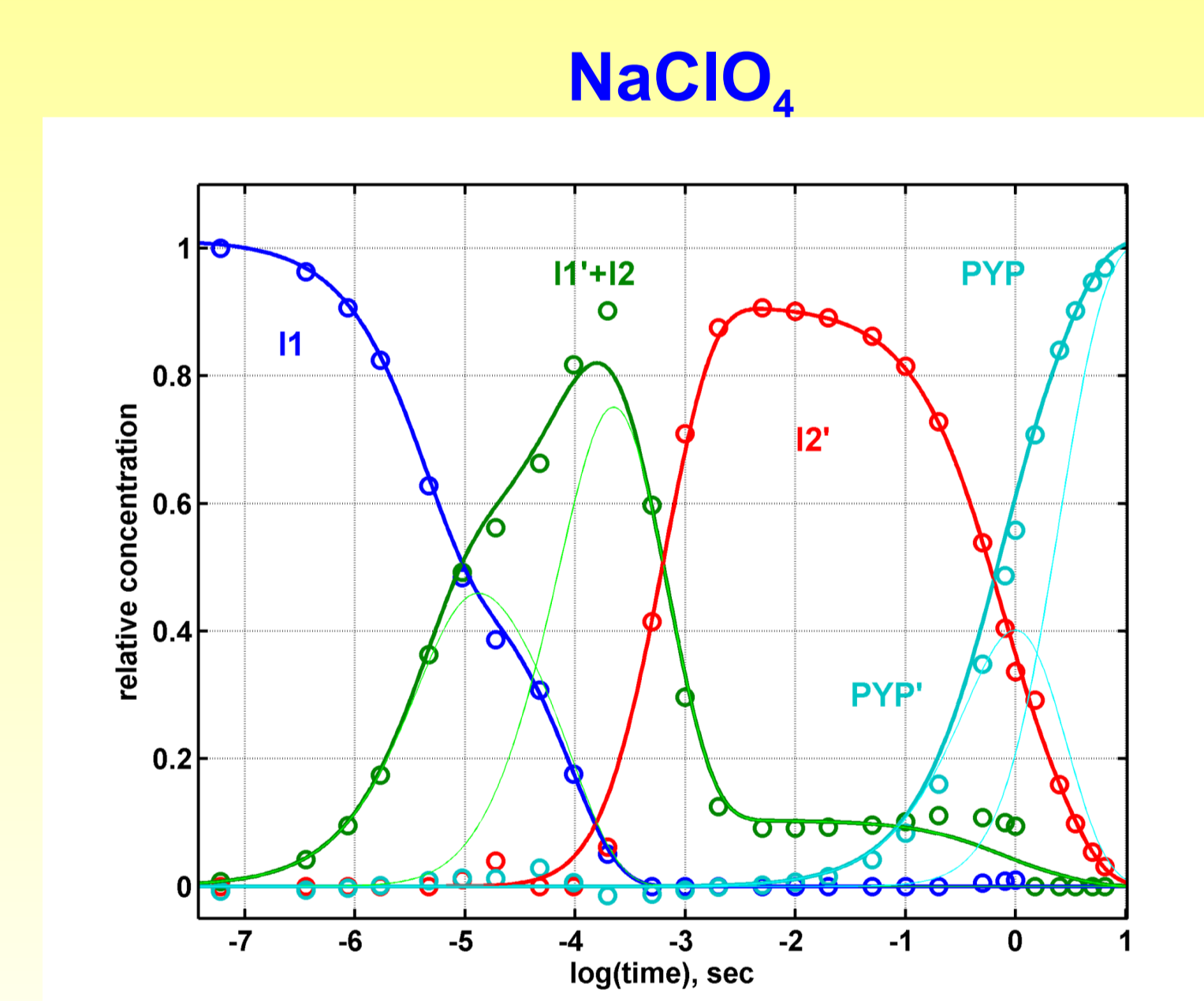
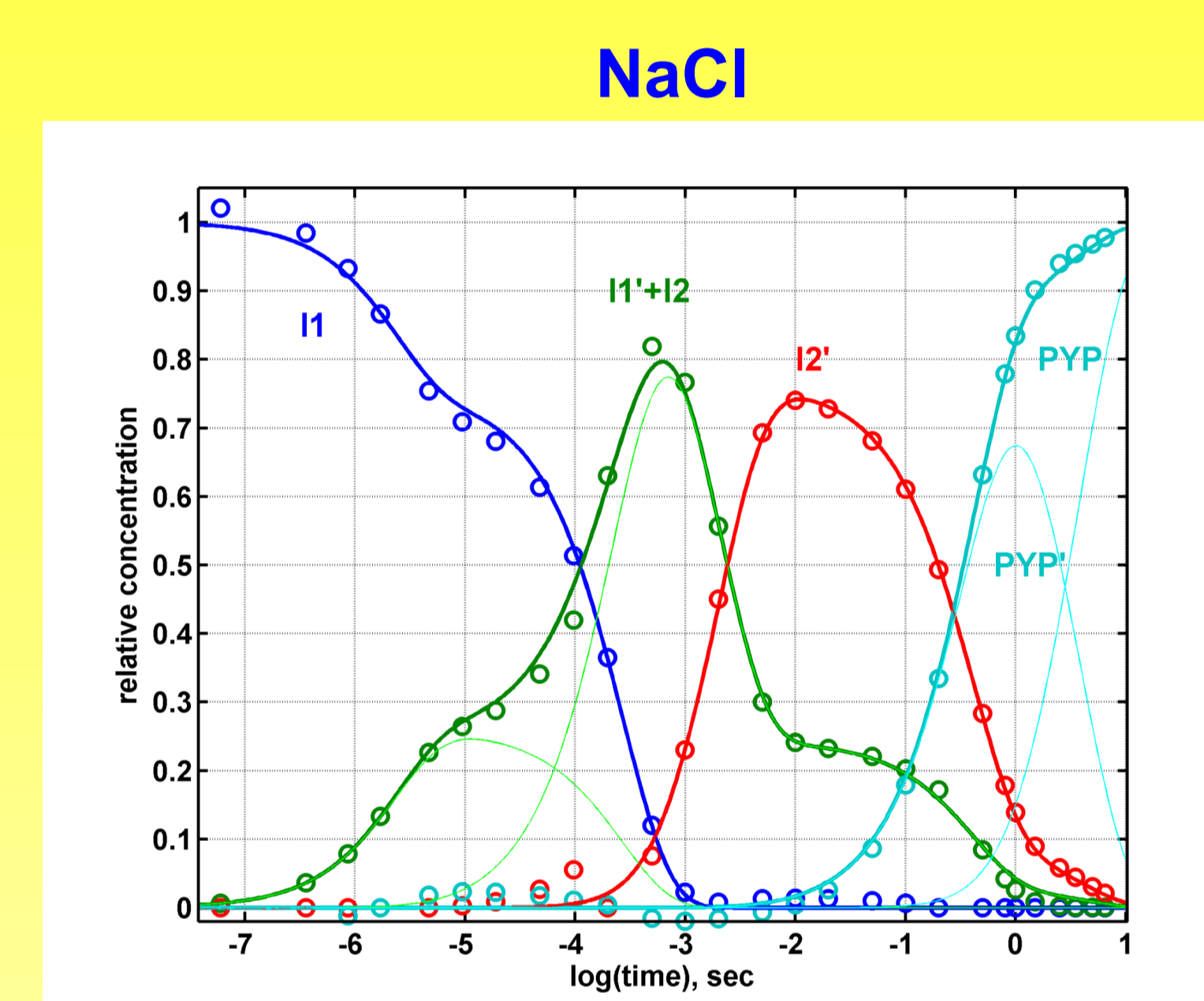
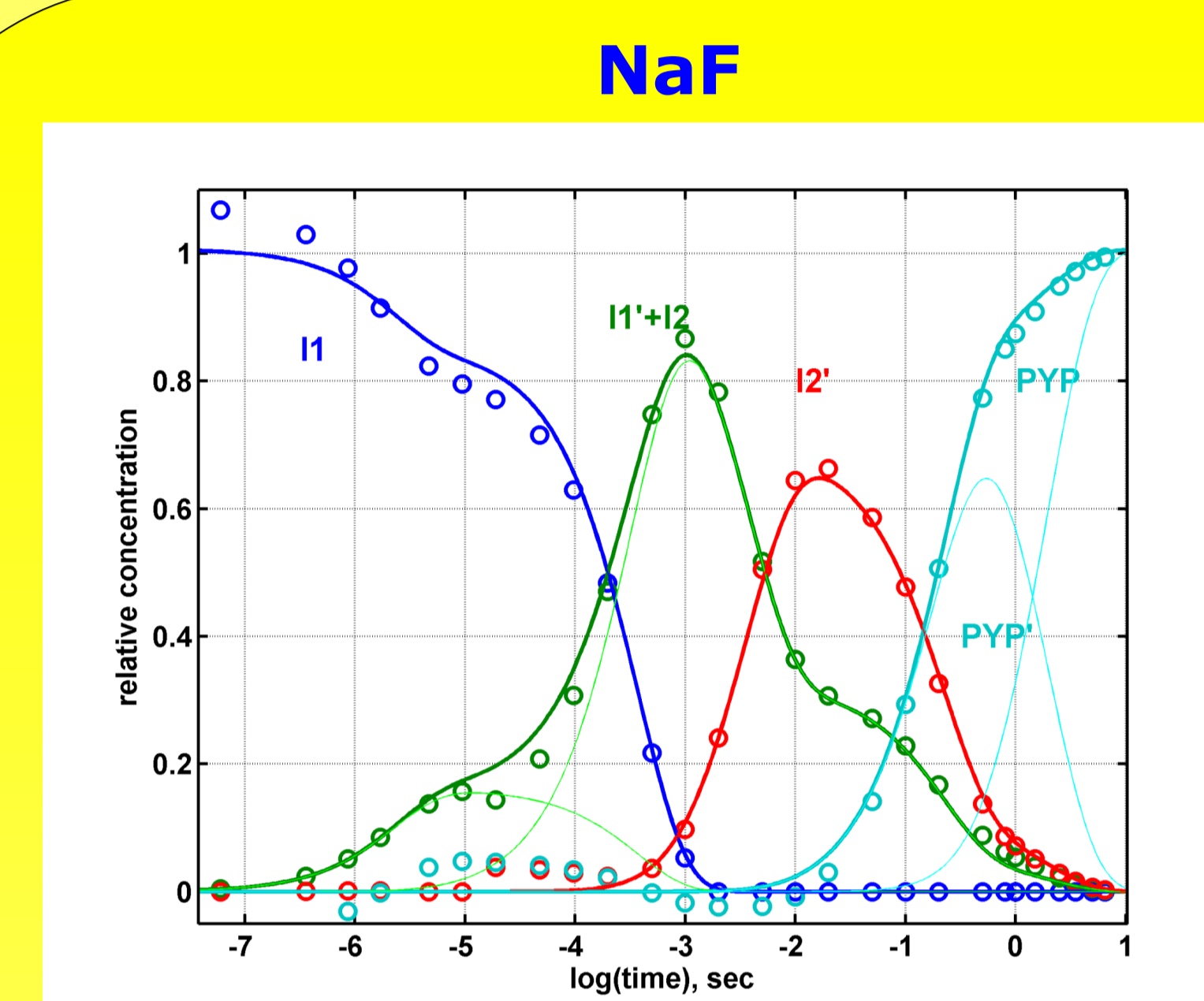
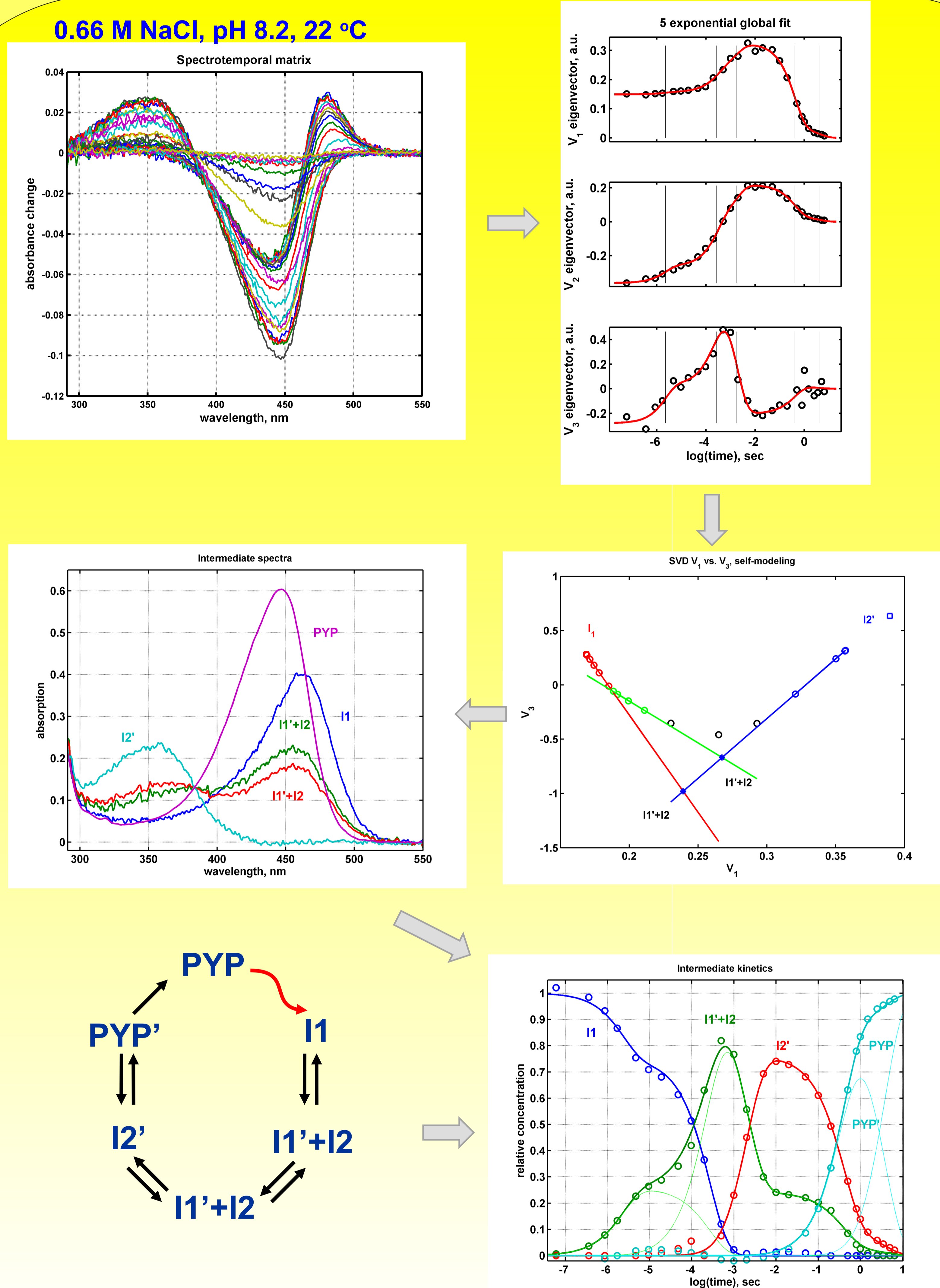
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Photoactive yellow protein (PYP) is a water-soluble photosensor protein in purple photosynthetic bacteria. Light excitation of PYP initiates a photocycle with chromophore (*p*-coumaric acid) isomerization, transient protonation and conformational changes. The formation and decay of the consecutive photocycle intermediates were followed with time-resolved UV-vis multichannel absorption spectroscopy. The effect of Hofmeister salts on protein stability was investigated through the salt dependence of the molecular rate constants.



PYP from *Halorhodospira halophila*  
 Imamoto and Kataoka, Photochem. Photobiol. 83:40–49, 2007



Rate constants, sec<sup>-1</sup>

	NaF	NaCl	NaClO <sub>4</sub>
I1 to I1'+I2	6.89e+004	1.08e+005	1.28e+005
reverse	3.51e+005	3.03e+005	1.07e+005
I1'+I2 to I1'+I2	1.7e+004	1.44e+004	2.07e+004
reverse	-	-	-
I1'+I2 to I2'	184	385	1.39e+003
reverse	83	122	158
I2' to PYP'	5.66	2.89	1.33
reverse	0.602	0.266	0.492
PYP' to PYP	0.608	0.301	0.709

## SUMMARY:

SVD-EFASM<sup>1</sup> has been successfully applied to obtain the spectra and kinetics of the photocycle intermediates. Fit by the photocycle scheme yielded rate constants with various Hofmeister salt dependences. The forward and reverse rates of the previously established large conformational change (I2 → I2') both accelerate with increasingly chaotropic salts, in accordance with the fluctuation model of the Hofmeister effect on protein dynamics<sup>2</sup>.

[1] Zimányi, L. 2004. J. Phys. Chem. B 108:4199-4209.

[2] Neagu, A., Neagu, M. and Dér, A. 2001. Biophys. J. 81:1285-1294.